AMENDMENT NO	Calendar No
Purpose: To include findings gress relating to U.S. Cu	and express the sense of Constoms and Border Protection.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—116th Cong., 1st Sess.	
S.1	494
minors and to amend the Act to end abuse of the	Act of 2008 to protect alien e Immigration and Nationality asylum system and establish processing centers outside the
Referred to the Committee or ordered to	be printed and
Ordered to lie on the t	able and to be printed
AMENDMENT intended	to the amendment (No.
Viz:	
	ce, insert the following:
	SENSE OF CONGRESS RELATING
	MS AND BORDER PROTECTION.
	ress makes the following find-
5 ings:	
	as and Border Protection (re-
	section as "CBP") is charged

1 with protecting the borders of the United States and 2 facilitating travel and trade. 3 (2) The Southern border of the United States 4 is experiencing unprecedented numbers of vulnerable 5 individuals attempting to enter the country. 6 (3) In June 2019, 104,344 individuals were ap-7 prehended at the Southern border, which is an in-8 crease of more than 140 percent, as compared to 9 June 2018. 10 (4) As of June 2019, the number of individuals 11 apprehended or determined to be inadmissible by 12 CBP at the Southern border in fiscal year 2019 is 13 780,638, already surpassing the fiscal year 2014 14 total of 569,287, which was the highest such number 15 in the preceding 5 years. 16 (5) The Homeland Security Advisory Council 17 expects Southwest border migration numbers to ap-18 proach or exceed 1,000,000 individuals in fiscal year 19 2019 unless immediate action is taken. 20 (6) Historically, the majority of individuals ar-21 riving at the Southern border have been single adult 22 males from Mexico, but by May 2019, 72 percent of 23 all border enforcement actions were associated with 24 unaccompanied children and family units.

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1	(7) Due to the constant and increasing flow of
2	migrants crossing the Southern border between
3	ports of entry, financial and human resources are
4	being diverted from the security and law enforce-
5	ment duties of CBP, resulting in—
6	(A) fewer seizures of narcotics and illicit
7	currency; and
8	(B) increased wait times at ports of entry,
9	leading to warnings of possible produce short-
10	ages and interruptions in supply chains.
11	(8) More than 40 percent of CBP resources are
12	currently being absorbed by the humanitarian crisis
13	at the Southern border.
14	(9) The final emergency interim report pub-
15	lished by the Homeland Security Advisory Council
16	on April 16, 2019, notes that a substantial number
17	of individuals who are apprehended by CBP require
18	significant personal and medical care that exceeds
19	the ability and capacity of CBP, despite creative and
20	humane attempts by CBP to care for such individ-
21	uals in CBP custody.
22	(10) CBP officers and personnel have raised
23	concerns that overcrowding poses immediate risks
24	to—

1	(A) the health and safety of the migrants;
2	and
3	(B) CBP officers;
4	(11) CBP officers are experiencing both phys-
5	ical illness and severe mental and emotional distress
6	as a result of the crisis at the Southern border.
7	(12) In May 2019, the Commissioner of CBP
8	requested an additional \$2,100,000 for the Em-
9	ployee Assistance Program of CBP in order to offer
10	additional counseling services to CBP officers and
11	personnel to respond to "unanticipated critical inci-
12	dents and other emerging crises, such as the unex-
13	pected response required for migrant caravans, em-
14	ployee suicides, and the need for a financial wellness
15	program".
16	(13) In the face of the most difficult cir-
17	cumstances, CBP officers and personnel continue—
18	(A) to work undaunted to protect the
19	Southern border; and
20	(B) to care for the migrants in CBP cus-
21	tody.
22	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
23	gress that—
24	(1) the men and women of U.S. Customs and
25	Border Protection, including Border Patrol per-

1	sonnel, Office of Field Operations personnel, Air and
2	Marine Operations personnel, Office of Trade per-
3	sonnel, and all support personnel and their allies
4	should be commended for their continued honorable
5	service during the challenging humanitarian crisis at
6	the Southern border; and
7	(2) Congress will continue to support U.S. Cus-
8	toms and Border Protection officers and their ef-
9	forts to manage the increasing flow of migrants at-
10	tempting to enter the United States.